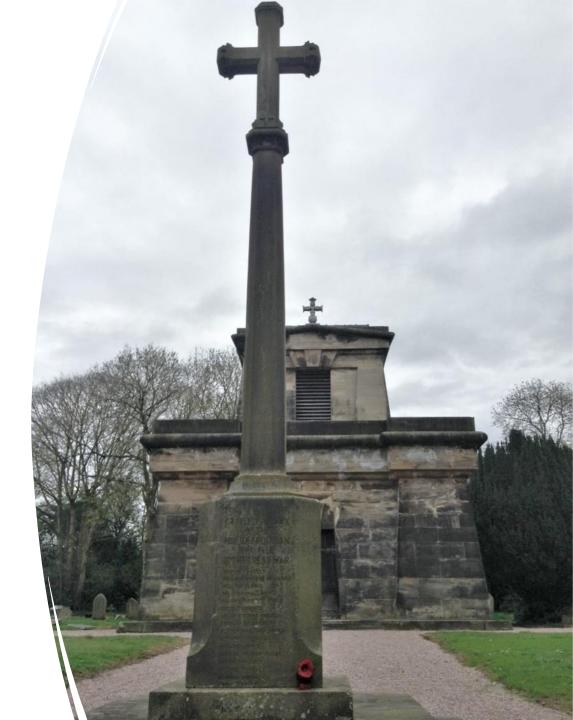
Trentham War Memorial

A timeline



Why a Memorial?

During and after World War One repatriation of the dead was forbidden.

Local memorials were "locally funded and locally decided projects".

Their main aims were to:

- Perpetuate the memory of those who died
- Express gratitude for their sacrifice
- Show sympathy to the bereaved

In recognition of the centenary of the unveiling of Trentham War Memorial on 2nd October 1921, this timeline charts the story of its development and the people involved...

9 March 1919 – It began with a letter

Letter to Mr F Todd, Agent for the Trentham Estate, 20 from Ernest Cornforth, 0 Church Warden, incustana about a Trentham Parish mank g 1919 Memorial to fallen heroes I Lodd bog Trenthown From Staffs Archives dear m Lodd 20 Inentham Parink inentiam hemorral h fallen heroes march 9 1919 I Lodd bag Trenthan den m Ladd I reported your suggestion to the Views Inentham Parish themanual to fallen herves this marning, which was that you comidered I reported your suggestion to the hear this marning, which was that you considered it high time to take action it high home to take action The areas entirely agrees - suggests that The arear entirely agrees & suggests that a protominary meeting he held at the -Institute the week offer this carning one. a preliminary meeting he held at the He offers to attend with you at a meeting Institute the week after this coming one. Irendra, mich 18 or Friday march 21 will you please see how these dates The offers to attend with you at a meeting and our convence, and advice the these derest at the hearage, because reamstile he helds those dates open rether the superto h to h dondor tomorrow honday but your currelope could be marked to be forwarded. by own size is that a tonday night is "I reported your suggestion to the Vicar this morning, ford for meeting which was that you considered it high time to take action. It was proposed that it has a meeting of Inenthan people as declined for a necking of church members The vicar entirely agrees & suggests that a preliminary meeting the mentioner the names of be held at the Institute

Letter suggests initial ideas about the form of the memorial

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"The Institute offers a centre and its many facilities.

A wing added to the Institute with a porch or entrance would be a fitting chamber for any form of memorial tablets or the like.

A common room of good dimensions with a billiard table therein, or a separate billiard room.

The new wing to be dedicated to the memory of heroes and for the use of returned Trentham soldiers and for visiting soldiers from other places..." Somethan Institute committee will have to retain their own acparate accord that "constantes" would do to be gree themselves

I the teasching of Incultance stranford. Leving party is my wife. This has greads in hand which will probably ammound h \$ 170 The is of opennon that her committee United consider it appropriates to allocate the balance on hand - h ! Louthan themore at hand - h !

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the money was nored to buy the or which to too. I to produce farmer for establices It combat be open to the commette to combar to make former they at chare.

Letter also suggests a source of funds



"My wife, Emma Cornforth, is the Secretary of Trentham and Hanford Sewing Party.

She has funds in hand which will probably amount to £170

She is of the opinion that her committee would consider it appropriate to allocate the balance in hand to the Trentham memorial to and for soldiers."

Ernest Cornforth

21 March 1919 – Public meeting to discuss the proposals

• The well attended meeting at the Institute was chaired by the vicar, Archdeacon Graham.

• They wanted to decide that night what form the memorial should take.

• Several suggestions were made, with Mr J M Power urging that the dependents of the fallen soldiers should be cared for and that a memorial cross should be erected bearing the names of the men who served.

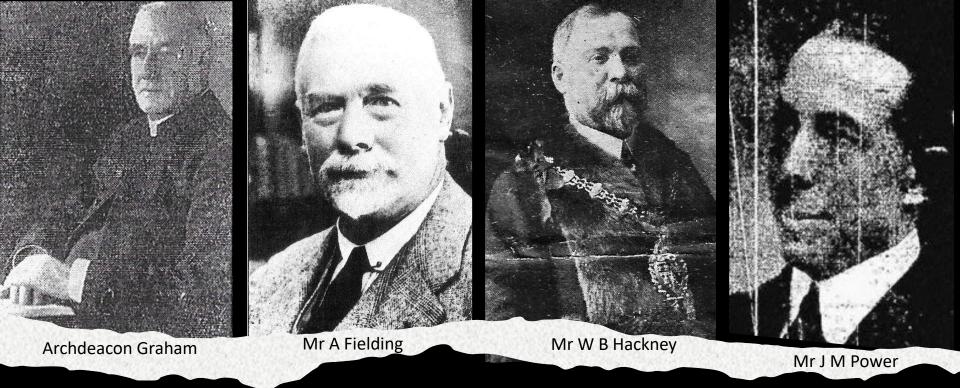
• Ultimately, it was unanimously decided that a fund should be raised to assist the dependents of men from the village who had fallen in action and to render help to the wounded and disabled; also that a cross be erected to commemorate the war service of the villagers. scheme for a war memorial for Trent-

was held on Friday evening. On the

Graham was voted to the chair.

hairman said they all felt that they ot allow the services of the men from e who had fought for them, and in as given lives for them, ever to be So they had met together to try to est means of keeping those names making a suitable en orance. particularly to those who had made real sacrifice. That meeting was held on rticularly appropriate day, for on March and of last year the Germans wegan their great ensive, and, possibly, men from that "illage had to stem the tide, and, possibly, too, fell doing their duty in in battle. memorial ful great war being made in the Potteries, he felt that every parish and vil age ould have the names of their so lier s ne corded, so that they might stand before 'he es of all who came after. The victory over ermany was won through the treinen loas acity of our soldiers and the self sace i're men who died for their country. belonged to that village and firey nty id never be forgotten. They were there to on a suitabl memorial, and, lecause were divergen opinions, they wanted to that might what form the memorial ake. When that was done they could o raise funde suggestions were then made, Mat J.

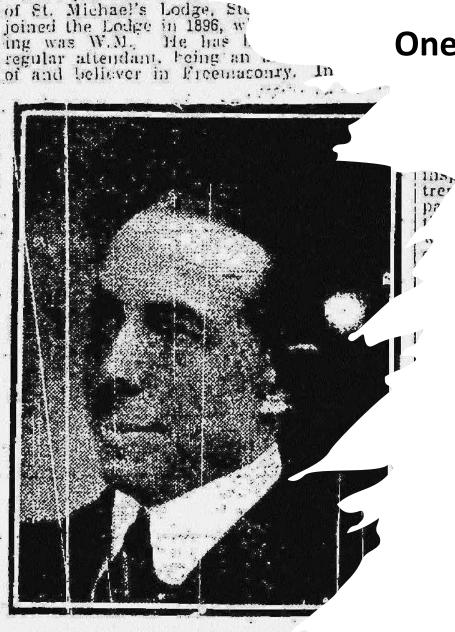
urging that the dependents of



Committee elected to carry out the plan

Committee Members:

- The Venerable Archdeacon Graham Vicar of Trentham
- Mr E Cornforth Railway rolling stock contractor
- Mr E J Pidduck Manager of jewellers
- Mr A Fielding Pottery manufacturer
- Mr W B Hackney China and earthenware manufacturer
- Mr J M Power Wine and spirit merchant
- Mr G A Mitcheson Mining engineer
- Mr F Todd Agent for the Trentham estate



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MR. H. C. PAUEP joined the Menturia Lodge not been a regular atter say the awkward train service.

One of the committee members

Mr J M Power played a prominent role at the public meeting.

He was previously known as Hans Carl Pauer, a prominent freemason and head of the firm of Messrs Pauer & Co. Ltd, wholesale wine, spirit and tobacco merchants, in Piccadilly Hanley. He lived in Albert Road.

Of German descent he was convicted, fined and imprisoned for an offence under the Defence of the Realm Act in 1918, largely due to widespread anti-German feeling at the time.

On release he anglicised his name to John Mortimer Power and was elected to the memorial committee, but he left Trentham the following year and moved to London.

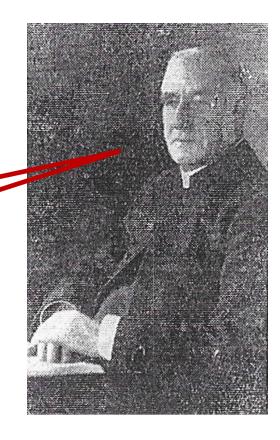
19 July 1919 - National Peace Day No rejoicing in Trentham to mark the end of WW1

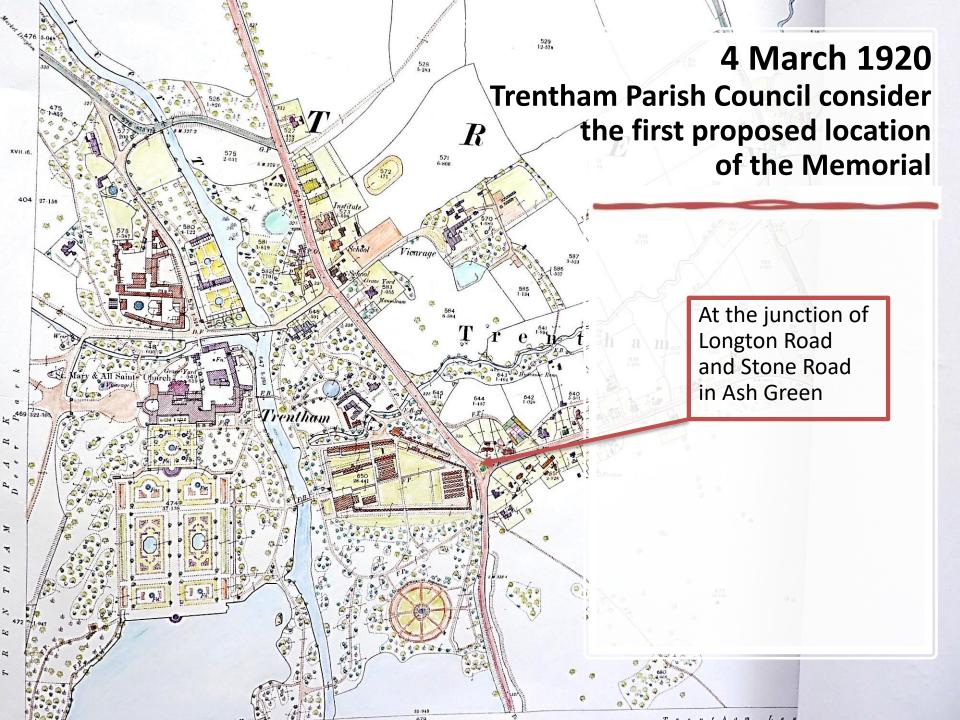
In March 1919, estate tenants had been served notice of the sale of their houses in an auction to take place in October that year.

In June the vicar reported that local morale was poor:

"...the prospects of the impending Estate sales are acting as a wet blanket and the people are quite apathetic on any other subject..."

On 11 July it was announced that Trustees of the Trentham Estate would entertain Trentham and Hanchurch children in the Gardens for the Peace Celebrations.





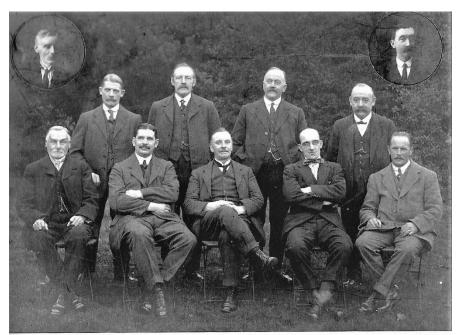
Incorrect Treathan War Menound: the following lette boundy bouncil was read. bounky Building 30 the Je Dear Sin . My bominister have now very a the proposal b creet a War Mounte the Show and Longton main rondo al but they count see their way to a Although there is at the present tire the spot where it is proposed to place Committee feel that having regard to Memorial and the praffic on the man I such Memorial at the place indicated we for the public benefit. Yours faithfully bu

30 June 1920 Rejection of original site by County Council

...although there is a tree planted at the spot, the committee feel that having regard to the size of the memorial and the traffic on the main road...the place indicated would not be for the public benefit...

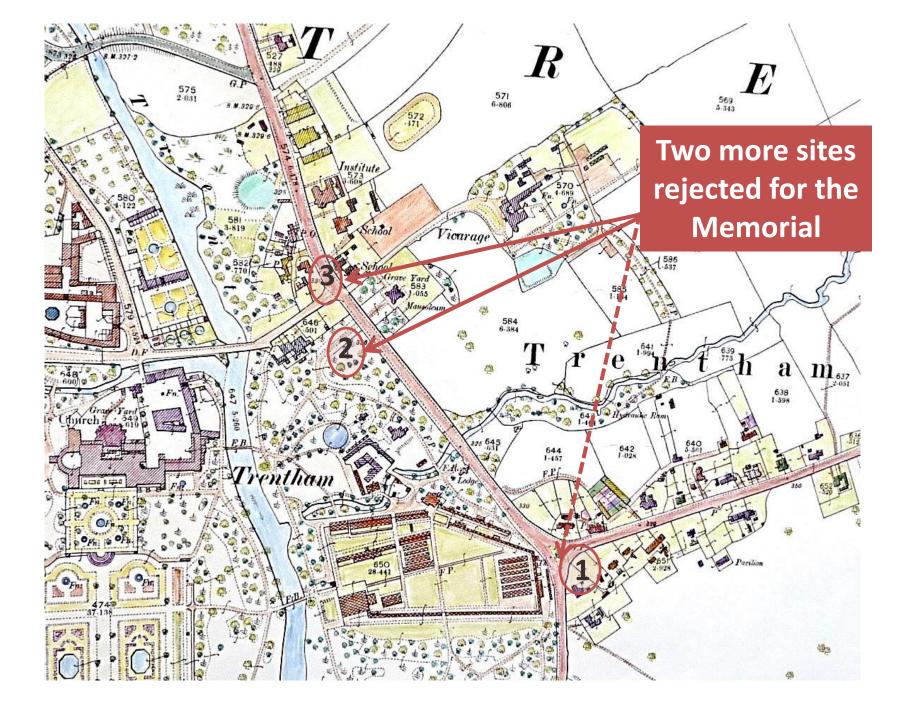
11 October 1920

Tensions arise between the Memorial Committee and the Parish Council At a meeting of Trentham Parish Council, it was reported that Mr Cornforth still wanted the cross erected at Ash Green Corner.



Trentham Parish Council 1922. *Courtesy Mrs T. Shanahan* Seated back: H. Selwood, J. Sant, A.V. Reynolds, P. Chadwick. Front: T. Holdcroft, A.H.C. Wenger, W.H. Stevens, J.E. Hood, E. Lancaster. Inset: Left, E.J. Pidduck JP. Right, J. Brooks.

The clerk was instructed to write to Mr Cornforth saying that the Ash Green site was totally unsuitable and suggest either the churchyard or cemetery were more appropriate.



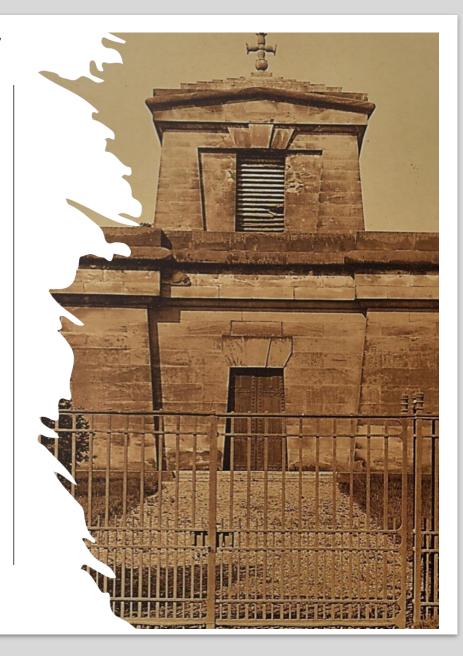
Fourth site proposal from Mr F Todd, of the Memorial Committee, to Mr Prowse, the Trentham Estate's London Agent

As a convenient site for the erection of the Trenthem War Memorial may I suggest some of the large area of unoccupied and unconsecrated ground at the front and of the cemetiry and which has not yet been formally conveyed to the Vicar and Church Wardens of Trentham.



4th and final choice... large area of unconsecrated ground at the front end of the cemetery, offered by the Trentham Estate

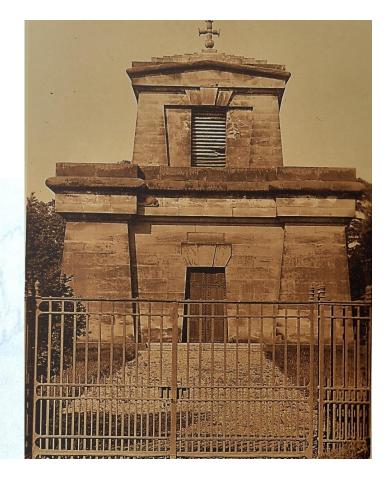
Reasons for site suitability Central location Fitting background Suitable surroundings Convenient access "The site is greatly improved by its proximity to the plain and massive building..."



Opposition from the Architect

In a further letter to the Estate's London Agent, Mr. Todd confides about the conflict between the architect and the committee:

I am to add that the Committee are having difficulty with their architect who holds very strong views on the placing of their Latin eross - which has a Christian significance - in close juxtaposition to a building whose architecture he maintains is a unsture of Egyptian and Greek styles and therefore belongs to a Fagan period. The Committee differ very strongly indeed from their architect.



The architect objected to the juxtaposition of a Christian cross and a building from a pagan period. The committee did not agree.

Architect and Builder

Designed by Ernest Tellwright Watkin and John Brittain Adams, who were architects based in Burslem.

Erected by Thomas Godwin, a builder and contractor of Raymond Street in Hanley.

It was in the perpendicular style with a Latin cross and carved from Darley Dale stone, specially chosen for its pleasing colour, durability and permanence.

The problem

"The committee are practically without funds, apart for the memorial itself, and are greatly concerned as to how they shall get the money together for the fencing."

Last minute shortage of funds

The solution

The Trustees of the late Duke gave permission for the gates and railings, now in front of the memorial, to be removed by the residents of Trentham ... to leave the whole space ... open to the public.

> This resolution allowed the project to be completed and the unveiling ceremony to be planned

2nd October 1921 The service and procession

The short service at the Church opened with the singing of the Te Deum and concluded with the hymn "Oh God our help in ages past".

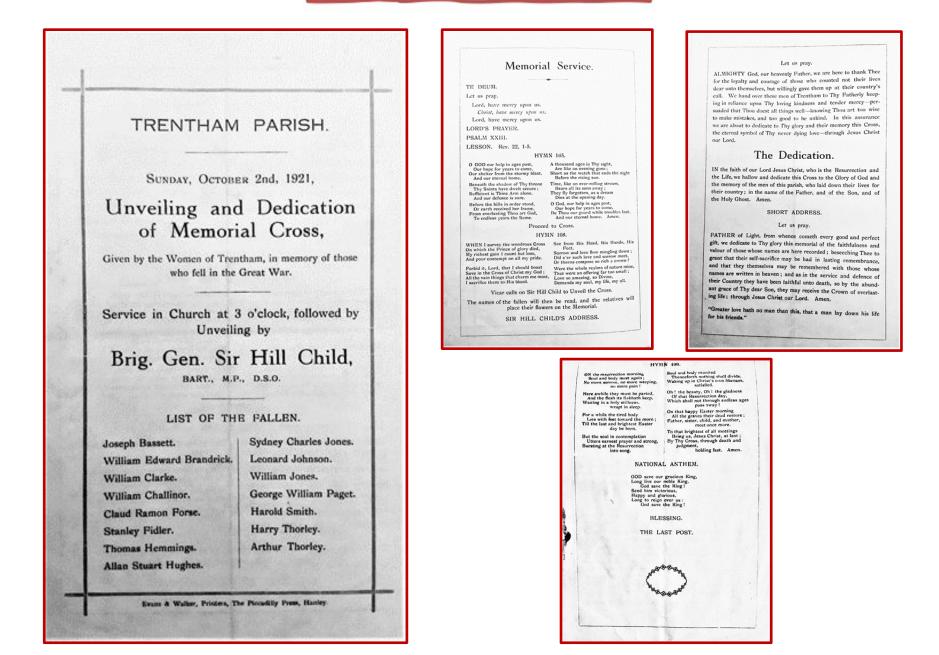
Afterwards a procession with the choir and clergy at the head, followed by Sir Hill Child, Mr Herbert Coates and the relatives of the fallen.

A path was taken through the gardens to the memorial, around which many people had already gathered.

The families of the fallen soldiers were accommodated within the railings.



The Order of Service





The Unveiling

The hymn "When I survey the wondrous cross" was sung, following which Sir Hill Child unveiled the memorial.

In doing so, he said he considered it a great honour to have been asked to perform that duty.

"As a soldier and particularly as a Staffordshire soldier who has been privileged throughout the war to command Staffordshire men, I very heartily welcomed that opportunity of paying a small tribute to my fallen comrades."

Sir Hill Child

Sir Hill Child was a natural choice to perform the unveiling.

He was the local MP in 1921.

Already a commissioned Army Officer, during the war, he rose to the rank of Brigadier General.

He commanded the 46th Midland Division of the Royal Field Artillery, which included the North Staffordshire Regiment.

Under his command the men of the North Staffordshire Regiment were involved in the Battle for the St Quentin Canal, on 29 September 1918, where their role has been described as "their finest hour".



The Dedication

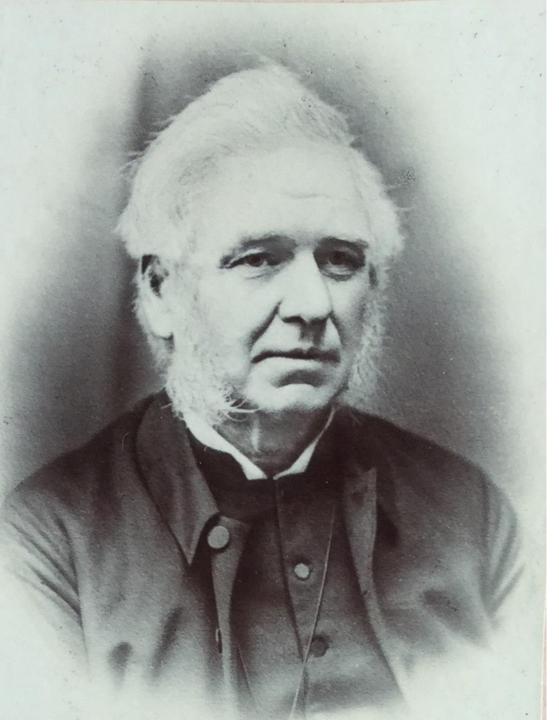
The cross was dedicated by the vicar, Archdeacon Malcolm Graham.

He said he wanted to draw attention to the names engraved on the cross.

"When those names were inscribed, the one and only fact they wanted to set before the eyes of the world was that these men died for their country.

Therefore no regiment or rank was added, because it was thought that all those who had fallen were on a level in making that one great sacrifice."





Archdeacon Malcolm Graham

Archdeacon Graham had been Vicar of Trentham since 1908.

He was involved with the planning of the memorial from the very beginning.

Most of the men named on the memorial were known to him and some were from his own congregation at Trentham Parish Church.

The Laying of Wreaths



The hymn "On the resurrection morning" was sung, followed by the National Anthem and after the Benediction had been pronounced the Last Post was sounded by three buglers.

At the calling of the names of the fallen, the leading choir boy placed a beautiful wreath of roses at the foot of the cross on behalf of the women of Trentham. Another choirboy placed posies of roses as each of the names was read.

A large number of beautiful floral tributes were laid around the base of the cross by relatives of the fallen heroes.

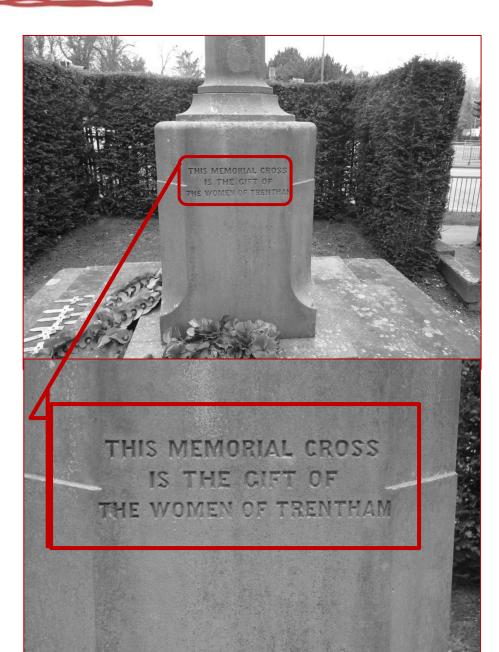
The Inscription

THIS MEMORIAL CROSS IS THE GIFT OF THE WOMEN OF TRENTHAM

"The women of Trentham who worked so hard during the War [knitting and sewing and raising funds for comforts for the soldiers], desired to crown their work by the gift of a memorial cross, and so to fill that particular part of the village remembrance programme.

Their gratitude to the men who gave their lives for their country has found expression in a dignified memorial."

Evening Sentinel 4 October 1921



The Names

World War One

Joseph Bassett William Brandrick William Challinor William Clarke Claude Ramon Forse Stanley Fidler Alan Stuart Hughes Thomas Hemmings John Pearson Howson Leonard Johnson Sydney Charles Jones William Jones George William Paget George Rogers Harold Smith Arthur Thorley Harry Thorley



World War Two



Michael Beswick John Gordon Brassington Donald Aubrey Chatham Thomas Deakin Eric Heath Hughes Eric William Lakin Michael Joseph O'Ryan Hugh Sharpley Roger Sharpley Albert Joseph Wilson



Trentham Remembers













Grateful thanks to the men of Trentham who gave their lives in the two world wars

We will remember them



War Memorials and Remembrance

War memorials act as historical touchstones, linking the past and the present in acknowledgment and remembrance of the sacrifice of those who served, fought and died in conflict, especially on Remembrance Sunday.

Remembrance in Trentham continues 100 years later









Produced by the Trentham Heritage Project 2021

Website: trenthamheritage.org.uk

YouTube: <u>https://www.youtube.com/c/TrenthamHeritage</u>

Facebook: Trentham 100 Years Ago

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Thank you for watching